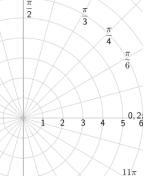
Precalculus

7-08 Graphs of Polar Equations

To Graph Polar Equations Using a Table

Pick _____and calculate _____

Graph $r = 3\cos\theta$ $\frac{2\pi}{3\pi}$ $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ $\frac{5\pi}{6}$



Symmetry Tests (make the replacement and to simplify to original equation)

Line $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ o Replace (r, θ) with $(r, \pi - \theta)$ or $(-r, -\theta)$

• Polar Axis

• Replace (r, θ) with $(r, -\theta)$ or $(-r, \pi - \theta)$

Pole

o Replace (r, θ) with $(r, \pi + \theta)$ or $(-r, \theta)$

• Quick tests

 \circ If it is a function of _____, then ____ symmetry

o If it is a function of ______, then _____ symmetry

Find the symmetry of $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$

Find the symmetry of $r = 2(1 - \sin \theta)$

Precalculus 7-08	Name:
Maximums and Zeros of Polar Equations	
Maximums occurs when is largest.	
 Find angles where the trigonometric function is at its 	
• Zeros occur when	
o Find angles where the trigonometric function is	
Find the zeros and maximum r values of $r = 5 \cos 2\theta$	